

UNIVERSITY OF HYDERABAD  
School of Physics

Jul 2010 - Dec 2010  
M.Sc. III-Semester

Quantum Mechanics-II

Time : 1hr  
MM : 20

Session III::Tutorial   Spin and Identical Particles
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- [1] Construct spin matrices for a spin one particle and verify that  $\vec{S}^2$  is a multiple of the identity matrix.
- [2] Find the eigenvalues of  $\vec{S}^2 + (12S_x - 5S_z)\hbar$  for a spin 1 particle ? Give a short explanation for your answer.
- [3] What will be the total wave function for hydrogen atom in the state  $n = 1, \ell = 0, J = \frac{1}{2}$  for the two cases of (i) electron spin up and (ii) electron spin down?
- [4] Find the total wave function for hydrogen atom when the quantum numbers are given to be  $n = 2, J = \frac{3}{2}, \ell = 1$  and (i)  $M = \frac{3}{2}$  (ii)  $M = \frac{1}{2}$ .
- [5] Show that the only possible values of spin and parity for a system of two identical spinless bosons are  $0^+, 2^+, 4^+, \dots$ .
- [6] Show that for a system of two identical particles having spin  $s$ , the ratio of the number of states, symmetric under exchange of spins, to the number of the antisymmetric states is given by

$$\frac{(s+1)}{s}$$

- Solutions for the hydrogen atom radial wave function for  $n = 1, \ell = 0$  and  $n = 2, \ell = 0, 1$  are given below.

$$(a) \quad R_{10}(r) = 2\left(\frac{1}{a_0}\right)^{3/2} \exp(-r/a_0)$$

$$(b) \quad R_{20}(r) = \left(\frac{1}{2a_0}\right)^{3/2} \left(2 - \frac{r}{a_0}\right) \exp(-r/2a_0)$$

$$(c) \quad R_{21}(r) = \left(\frac{1}{2a_0}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{r}{a_0\sqrt{3}}\right) \exp(-r/2a_0)$$

Date : Aug 16, 2010